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8	NOT FOR CITATION
9	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
10	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
11	SAMUEL W. LEWIS,) No. C 08-03934 JF (PR)
12	Petitioner, ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE
13	vs.
14	BEN CURRY, Warden,
15	Respondent.
16	
17	
18	Petitioner, a state prisoner currently incarcerated at the Correctional Training
19	Facility in Soledad, California, seeks petition in <u>pro se</u> for a writ of habeas corpus
20	pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, challenging the decision of the Board of Parole Hearings
21	("BPH") finding him unsuitable for parole on October 1, 2007. Petitioner has paid the
22	filing fee. The Court orders Respondent to show cause why the petition should not be
23	granted.
24	
25	STATEMENT No. 10.000 Participants
26	According to the petition, on November 21, 1988, Petitioner was sentenced to a
27	term of fifteen-years-to-life in state prison after pleading nolo contendere to second
28	degree murder in Los Angeles County Superior Court. Petitioner challenges the BPH's
	Order to Show Cause P:\PRO-SE\SJ.JF\HC.08\Lewis03934_osc-parole.wpd

decision denying him parole after his most recent parole suitability hearing on October 1, 2007. Petitioner filed habeas petitions in the state superior court, state appellate court, and the state supreme court, all of which were denied as of July 23, 2008. Petitioner filed the instant federal petition on August 15, 2008.

DISCUSSION

A. Standard of Review

This Court may entertain a petition for writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a state court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a); Rose v. Hodges, 423 U.S. 19, 21 (1975).

A district court shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." 28 U.S.C. § 2243.

B. <u>Petitioner's Claims</u>

As grounds for federal habeas relief, Petitioner alleges that the BPH's decision to deny parole violated the "some evidence standard" and his right to due process. Liberally construed, Petitioner's claim is cognizable under § 2254. The Court orders Respondent to show cause why the petition should not be granted.

CONCLUSION

- 1. The Clerk shall serve by mail a copy of this order and the petition and all attachments thereto upon the Respondent and the Respondent's attorney, the Attorney General of the State of California. The Clerk shall also serve a copy of this order on the Petitioner.
- 2. Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on Petitioner, within sixty (60) days of the date this order is filed, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus

should not be granted. Respondent shall file with the answer and serve on Petitioner a copy of all portions of the state parole record that have been transcribed previously and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the petition.

If Petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with the Court and serving it on Respondent within thirty (30) days of his receipt of the answer.

- 3. Respondent may file a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds in lieu of an answer, as set forth in the Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. If Respondent files such a motion, Petitioner shall file with the Court and serve on Respondent an opposition or statement of non-opposition within thirty (30) days of receipt of the motion, and Respondent shall file with the court and serve on Petitioner a reply within fifteen (15) days of receipt of any opposition.
- 4. It is Petitioner's responsibility to prosecute this case. Petitioner is reminded that all communications with the Court must be served on respondent by mailing a true copy of the document to Respondent's counsel. Petitioner must keep the Court and all parties informed of any change of address by filing a separate paper captioned "Notice of Change of Address." He must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for failure to prosecute pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: 1/7/09

JEREMY FOGEL United States District Judge

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